This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the

application:

Listing of Claims:

1. (canceled)

2. (currently amended) A picture coding method as claimed in claim † 22 wherein: said

predetermined target value of the remaining coded picture code amount is determined based upon

a frame-skipping threshold value corresponding to a threshold value used to judge as to whether

or not a next picture is coded.

3. (currently amended) A picture coding method as claimed in claim † 22 wherein: said

predetermined target value of the remaining coded picture code amount is determined based upon

the reference target code amount.

4. (currently amended) A picture coding method as claimed in any one of claims † 22, 2

or to 3 wherein: a frame rate of an inputted picture is measured; and said reference coding frame

rate is determined based on said measured frame rate.

5. (original) A picture coding method as claimed in claim 4 wherein: said reference coding

frame rate is determined based upon a maximum value of said measured frame rate.

Amendments to the Claims Page 2 of 13 Page 2 of 13

frame rate is determined based upon an average value of said measured frame rates within a

constant time.

7. (original) A picture coding method as claimed in claim 6 wherein: in the case that said

reference coding frame rate is updated based upon the average value of the measured frame rates

within said constant time, when a reference coding frame rate before being updated is larger than

a reference coding frame rate after being updated, a value between said reference coding frame

rate before being updated and said reference coding frame rate after being updated is used as the

reference coding frame rate after being updated.

8. (currently amended) A picture coding apparatus for coding an inputted image to output

a compression picture signal, comprising:

a rate control unit having a function capable of for calculating a target code amount

adjusting a code amount generated for every picture of said inputted image, which is to be coded;

and

an output buffer having a function capable of for storing thereinto a generated code until

said stored generated code is outputted from the picture coding apparatus; wherein

said rate control unit controls the a coding rate in such a manner that [[a]] the target code

amount of said picture to be coded is automatically calculated by adding a correction value to a

reference target code amount which is approximately constant; and wherein

an amount of the generated code amount of said picture to be coded is approximated to

said calculated target code amount; and also wherein

said reference target code amount is calculated based upon a reference coding frame rate;

and further wherein

said correction value is calculated based upon a difference between a predetermined target

value and an actual value of a buffer remaining amount corresponding to a code amount left

stored in said output buffer.

9. (currently amended) A picture coding apparatus as claimed in claim 8 wherein: said

predetermined target value of the buffer remaining amount is determined based upon a frame-

skipping threshold value corresponding to a threshold value used to judge as to whether or not

a next picture is coded.

10. (currently amended) A picture coding apparatus as claimed in claim 8 wherein: said

predetermined target value of the remaining buffer amount is determined based upon the reference

target code amount.

11. (original) A picture coding apparatus as claimed in any one of claims 8 to 10, further

comprising:

measuring means for measuring a frame rate of said inputted image; and wherein:

said reference coding frame rate is determined based on said measured frame rate.

12. (original) A picture coding apparatus as claimed in claim 11 wherein: said reference

coding frame rate is determined based upon a maximum value of said measured frame rate.

Amendments to the Claims Page 4 of 13 Page 4 of 13

coding frame rate is determined based upon an average value of said measured frame rates within

a constant time.

14. (original) A picture coding apparatus as claimed in claim 13 wherein: in the case that

said reference coding frame rate is updated based upon the average value of the measured frame

rates within said constant time, when a reference coding frame rate before being updated is larger

than a reference coding frame rate after being updated, a value between said reference coding

frame rate before being updated and said reference coding frame rate after being updated is used

as the reference coding frame rate after being updated.

15. (currently amended) An image relaying apparatus, comprising:

an image receiving unit to receive an image from an external image transmission unit,

an image transmission unit to transmit an image to an external image receiving unit, and

a picture coding unit[[,]] for converting an image in a first image format received from the

external transmission unit to a second image format suitable for the external receiving unit and

also for transmitting said image in the second image format to the external receiving unit, wherein

the picture coding unit comprises: comprising:

a rate control unit having a function capable of for calculating a target code

amount adjusting a code amount generated for every picture of an inputted image,

which is to be coded; and

an output buffer having a function capable of for storing thereinto a generated

code until said stored generated code is outputted from the picture coding

apparatus; wherein[[:]]

said rate control unit controls the a coding rate in such a manner that [[a]] the

target code amount of said picture to be coded is automatically calculated by

adding a correction value to a reference target code amount which is

approximately constant; and wherein

an amount of the generated code amount of said picture to be coded is

approximated to said calculated target code amount; and also wherein

said reference target code amount is calculated based upon a reference coding

frame rate; and further wherein

said correction value is calculated based upon a difference between a

predetermined target value and an actual value of a buffer remaining amount

corresponding to a code amount left stored in said output buffer.

16. (original) An image relaying apparatus as claimed in claim 15 wherein: said

predetermined target value of the buffer remaining amount is determined based upon a frame-

skipping threshold value corresponding to a threshold value used to judge as to whether or not

a next picture is coded.

17. (original) An image relaying apparatus as claimed in claim 15 wherein: said

predetermined target value of the remaining buffer amount is determined based upon the reference

target code amount.

18. (original) An image relaying apparatus as claimed in any one of claims 15 to 17, the

Amendments to the Claims Page 6 of 13 Page 6 of 13

picture coding unit further comprising: measuring means for measuring a frame rate of said

inputted image; and wherein: said reference coding frame rate is determined based on said

measured frame rate.

19. (original) An image relaying apparatus as claimed in claim 18 wherein said reference

coding frame rate is determined based upon a maximum value of said measured frame rate.

20. (original) A picture coding apparatus as claimed in claim 18 wherein: said reference

coding frame rate is determined based upon an average value of said measured frame rates within

a constant time.

21. (original) An image relaying apparatus as claimed in claim 20 wherein in the case that

said reference coding frame rate is updated based upon the average value of the measured frame

rates within said constant time, when a reference coding frame rate before being updated is larger

than a reference coding frame rate after being updated, a value between said reference coding

frame rate before being updated and said reference coding frame rate after being updated is used

as the reference coding frame rate after being updated.

22. (new) A picture coding method including the steps of:

providing a reference coding frame rate;

providing a predetermined target code amount of a coded picture to be stored in a buffer

in an apparatus;

calculating a substantially constant reference target code amount from said reference

Amendments to the Claims Page 7 of 13 Page 7 of 13

coding frame rate;

determining a buffer remaining amount of a coded picture stored in said buffer and not yet

outputted by the apparatus;

calculating a correction code amount based on a difference between said predetermined

target code amount and said buffer remaining amount; and

automatically calculating an allocation code amount for every picture to be coded by

adding said correction code amount to said reference target code amount.

23. (new) The method of claim 22, wherein said calculated target code amount is used to

maintain said actual coded amount stored in the buffer near said predetermined target code

amount.